

Sprinkler Systems

- Automatic valves are used by the controller to turn your irrigation system on and off.
- Be sure valves are running properly.
- Check for strange noises coming from the valves to troubleshoot.
- It is a good idea to assess your coverage area. As plants grow you may need to increase or decrease sprinkler coverage based on your landscape needs.
- Evaluate your times. Increasing or decreasing the amount of time depends on your soil composition and plant needs.

Why Drip?

- Drip irrigation applies a small amount of water over a long period of time directly to the plant's roots.
- It is a win-win! Your plants receive the deep root water they crave and less water is wasted.
- Deep root water promotes healthier plants with less pests and disease.

Conservation is Key

- Add a Solar Sync to your irrigation clock.
- Solar Syncing conserves water by automatically adjusting watering times based on local weather conditions.
- Swap sprinkler heads for Hunter MP Rotators:
 - MP Rotators apply water at a slower rate
- Reduce run-off and conserve water by 30%
- Mulch is incredibly beneficial:
 Retains soil moisture and nutrients
 - Controls pests & weeds

Common Questions

How do I know when I need to water my lawn?

Most lawns need water when the top two inches of soil have dried out.

How do I water my lawn?

Deeper, less frequent watering is best for most lawns.

When do I water my lawn?

Water early in the morning, when evaporation and wind are minimal.

Avoid watering at night because this can cause lawn diseases.

Should I prioritize during a drought?

Yes, if there are trees or shrubs in the yard. Be sure to water them with a drip system.

Does fertilizer help with water retention?

Organic fertilizer alters the structure of soil and improves air and water movement through soil this increases the amount of water the soil can hold.









